A320 MEMORY ITEMS

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Frequency and time of revision is the key for optimum efficiency.

FLIGHT PHASE (Time Permitting)	REVISION ITEM	
Before Taxi	Loss of Braking	
During Taxi	ng Taxi <u>Unreliable Speed</u>	
Before Takeoff	Abnormal Slats / Flaps	
Before Takeoff	Windshear Warning	
(If anticipated)	EGPWS Warning	
Climb	TCAS Warning	
Cilitio	Engine Failure	
	Emergency Descent	
Cruise	EGPWS Cautions	
	Stall Warning & Recovery	

Effective Strategies for Successful Revision and Retention

Regular & Consistent Revision: Regularly reviewing the material helps reinforce your memory and strengthens your understanding of the topic.

Active Engagement: Passive reading or simply reviewing notes may not be as effective as actively engaging with the material.

Time Intervals: Spacing out your revision sessions over time is more effective than cramming all at once.

Spaced Repetition: Spaced repetition is a technique that involves revisiting information at increasing intervals over time. Spaced out repetition leads to better long-term retention.

Prioritization & Review Schedule: Identify areas that require more focus and prioritize them in your revision schedule. Some topics need more frequent revision than others.

Active Recall: Instead of passively reviewing materials, try to recall information from memory as this is a powerful revision strategy. This helps strengthen your memory and identifies areas that need further review.

Adequate Breaks: Taking regular breaks during study sessions is crucial for maintaining focus and preventing burnout. Short breaks allow your brain to process information and recharge, leading to better overall efficiency.

Learning styles and preferences differ, so experiment and find a revision strategy that works best for you!

LOSS OF BRAKING [PRO-ABN-BRAKES]

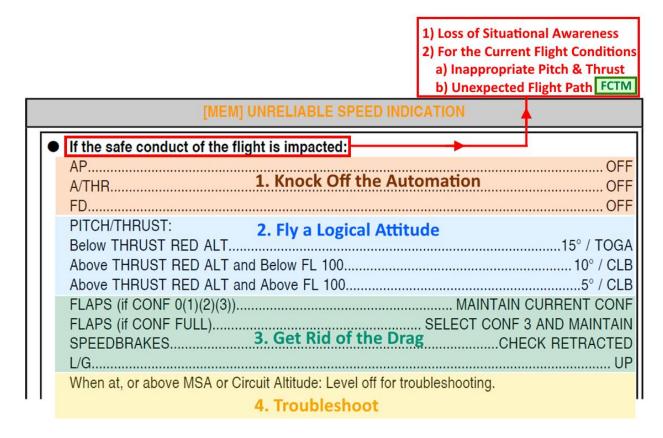
CALLOUT: LOSS OF BRAKING

[MEM] LOSS OF BRAKING	
If no braking:	
REV	MAX
BRAKE PEDALS	RELEASE
A/SKID OFF	ORDER
A/SKID & N/W STRG	OFF
BRAKE PEDALS	PRESS
MAX BRK PR	1000 PSI
If still no braking:	
PARK BRAKE	USE
Use short successive parking brake applications to stop the aircraft.	

Note: If needed, maximum reverse thrust can be kept until full aircraft stop.

UNRELIABLE SPEED [PRO-ABN-NAV]

CALLOUT: UNRELIABLE SPEED



ABNORMAL SLATS / FLAPS [FCTM PR-AEP-F_CTL]

• For any Slats / Flaps Problem – PULL SPEED Knob.

At takeoff, the selected speed will stop the acceleration and avoid exceeding VFE. During approach, it will avoid further deceleration.

Note: This one is not in the Airbus list of memory items.

WINDSHEAR (REACTIVE) [PRO-ABN-SURV]

CALLOUT: WINDSHEAR TOGA

[MEM] WINDSHEAR

- At Takeoff:
 - If before V1:

If there are significant variations in airspeed, and in airspeed trend below the indicated V1, reject the takeoff.

■ If after V1:

THR LEV	RS	TOGA
REACHIN	3 VR	ROTATE
SRS ORE	ERS	FOLLOW

■ Airborne, initial climb or landing:

THR LEVERS AT TOGA	SET (OR CONFI	RM
AP (if engaged)		KEEP (ON
SRS ORDERS		FOLLC) WC

DO NOT CHANGE CONFIGURATION (SLATS/FLAPS, GEAR) UNTIL OUT OF WINDSHEAR.

CLOSELY MONITOR FLIGHT PATH AND SPEED.

RECOVER SMOOTHLY TO NORMAL CLIMB OUT OF WINDSHEAR.

Notes:

- Basically 5 steps to recall: TOGA > SRS > CONFIG > FLIGHT PATH > RECOVERY.
- Before V1 abort for significant airspeed variations and if stop distance is sufficient.
- If necessary, sidestick can be pulled fully back.
- If no FD bars then initial pitch 17.5°. To prevent further loss of altitude, increase pitch.
- If AOA > α PROT then autopilot will disengage.

WINDSHEAR AHEAD (PREDICTIVE) [PRO-ABN-SURV]

Notes:

- Spurious predictive windshear alerts have been reported.
- If there is no hazard then you can disregard the alert if:
 - o No other signs of possible windshear conditions.
 - o Reactive windshear system is operational.
- Always rely on reactive windshear alerts.
- For departure, delay takeoff or select the most favorable runway.
- Slat/Flap configuration can be changed, provided the windshear is not entered.

EGPWS WARNINGS [PRO-ABN-SURV]

CALLOUT: PULL UP TOGA

[MEM] EGPWS WARNINGS		
● "PULL UP" - "TERRAIN AHEAD PULL UP" - "OBSTACLE AHEAD PULL UP"		
Simultaneously:		
APPITCH	OFF PULL UP	
THRUST LEVERS		
DO NOT CHANGE CONFIGURATION (SLATS/FLAPS, GEAR) UNTIL CLEAR OBSTACLE.	R OF	

Notes:

- Keep wings level and pull to full backstick and maintain that position.
- A turning maneuver can be initiated if that is the safest action.
- PULL UP maneuver must be performed before the turn.

TCAS WARNINGS [PRO-ABN-SURV]

CALLOUT ON TA: I HAVE CONTROLS. CALLOUT ON RA: TCAS RA

[MEM] TCAS WARNING - RESOLUTION ADVISORY		
■ All RA, except any CLIMB RA during approach in CONF 3 or FULL:		
AP (if engaged)OFF BOTH FDsOFF		
Respond promptly and smoothly. VERTICAL SPEEDADJUST or MAINTAIN		
■ Any CLIMB RA during approach in CONF 3 or FULL: GO-AROUNDPERFORM		
Follow the SRS GA mode.		
VERTICAL SPEEDMONITOR		
ATCNOTIFY		
When the "CLEAR OF CONFLICT" aural alert sounds:		
ATCNOTIFY LATERAL AND VERTICAL GUIDANCEADJUST		
AP/FDAS RQRD		

[MEM] TCAS WARNING - RESOLUTION ADVISORY

Applicable to: MSN 07784-07792

- If the AP/FD TCAS mode is available:
 - All RA, except any CLIMB RA during approach in CONF 3 or FULL:
 - If the AP is OFF:

FD ORDERS......FOLLOW The AP can be engaged.

VERTICAL SPEED......MONITOR

If a preventive RA was triggered: check that the vertical speed remains out of the red area of the vertical speed scale.

If a corrective RA was triggered: check that the vertical speed gets out of the red area, and remains in the green area of the vertical speed scale.

CAUTION

If for any reason during a RA, the aircraft vertical speed does not reach the green area of the vertical speed scale, the PF should disconnect the AP, and override the FD orders, in order to lead the aircraft vertical speed out of the red area of the vertical speed scale. If necessary, the PF must use the full speed range between $V\alpha$ max and VMAX.

Any CLIMB RA during approach in CONF 3 or FULL:

GO-AROUND......PERFORM

The AP/FD TCAS mode disengages (the AP/FD does no longer follows the RA orders). Follow the SRS GA mode.

VERTICAL SPEED......MONITOR

ATC......NOTIFY

When the "CLEAR OF CONFLICT" aural alert sounds:

The AP/FD TCAS mode, if engaged, disengages.

AP/FD......MONITOR/FOLLOW ATC......NOTIFY LATERAL AND VERTICAL GUIDANCE......ADJUST

SPEED......ADJUST

ENGINE FAILURE DURING CLIMB / CRUISE [FCTM PR-AEP-ENG]

- Thrust levers MCT.
- A/THR Disconnect (if above engine out ceiling).
- HDG As appropriate.
- Engine out recovery altitude Determine in cruise.
- Descent Strategy Determine:
 - Standard
 - o Obstacle
 - o Fixed Speed
- For Descent:
 - o Pull SPEED.
 - o Set engine out recovery altitude and pull for OPEN DES.
- ECAM/OEB actions.

Note: This one is not in the Airbus list of memory items.

EMERGENCY DESCENT [PRO-ABN-MISC]

CALLOUT: EMERGENCY DESCENT

[MEM] EMER DESCENT	
CREW OXY MASKS	USE
SIGNS	
EMER DESCENT	INITIATE
If A/THR not active:	
THR LEVERS	IDLE
SPD BRK	FULL

Notes:

• To save oxygen, set the oxygen diluter selector to the N position.

[MEM] EGPWS CAUTIONS
■ "TERRAIN TERRAIN" - "TOO LOW TERRAIN" - "TERRAIN AHEAD" - "OBSTACLE AHEAD"
■ During night or IMC:
Simultaneously:
APOFF PITCHPULL UP
THRUST LEVERSTOGA SPEED BRAKES leverCHECK RETRACTED BANKWINGS LEVEL or ADJUST
DO NOT CHANGE CONFIGURATION (SLATS/FLAPS, GEAR) UNTIL CLEAR OF OBSTACLE.
■ During daylight and VMC, with terrain and obstacles clearly in sight:
FLIGHT PATHADJUST
SINK RATE"
■ Above 1 000 ft AAL in IMC or above 500 ft AAL in VMC: FLIGHT PATHADJUST
■ Below 1 000 ft AAL in IMC or below 500 ft AAL in VMC:
GO-AROUNDCONSIDER
■ "DON'T SINK"
FLIGHT PATHADJUST
"TOO LOW GEAR" - "TOO LOW FLAPS"
GO-AROUNDPERFORM
■ "GLIDESLOPE"
■ Above 1 000 ft AAL in IMC or above 500 ft AAL in VMC:
FLIGHT PATHADJUST
When conditions require a deliberate approach below glideslope: G/S MODEOFF
Below 1 000 ft AAL in IMC or below 500 ft AAL in VMC: GO-AROUND

STALL WARNING AT LIFTOFF [PRO-ABN-MISC]

CALLOUT: STALL TOGA 15°

	[MEM] STALL WARNI	NG AT LIFT-OFF
THRU	ST	TOGA
At the	same time:	
PITCH	I ATTITUDE	15 °
BANK.		WINGS LEVEL

Notes:

- Spurious stall warning may sound in NORMAL law, if AOA probe is damaged.
- Apply the above procedure and attain a safe flight path and speed.
- If stall warning continues, consider it as spurious.

STALL RECOVERY [PRO-ABN-MISC]

CALLOUT: STALL, I HAVE CONTROL

[MEM] STALL RECOVERY		
NOSE DOWN PITCH CONTROL	APPLY	
BANK	WINGS LEVEL	
● When out of stall (no longer stall indications) :		
THRUST	INCREASE SMOOTHLY AS NEEDED	
SPEEDBRAKES		
FLIGHT PATH		
If in clean configuration and below 20 000 ft :		
FLAP1	SELECT	

Notes:

- For lack of pitch down authority, reducing thrust may be necessary.
- In case of single engine, compensate asymmetry with rudder while increasing thrust.

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